

The Pacific Commercial Advertiser

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, November 3.—Last 24 Hours' Rainfall, .05.
Temperature, Max. 78; Min. 70. Weather, variable.

ESTABLISHED JULY 2, 1856.

SUGAR.—96 Degree Test Centrifugals, 4.30c. Per Ton, \$86.00.
88 Analysis Beets, 11s. 6d. Per Ton, \$88.60.

VOL. L., NO. 8499.

HONOLULU, HAWAII TERRITORY, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 1909.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

HOUSE PRACTICALLY THROUGH WITH ORGANIC ACT AMENDMENT WORK

Senate Takes Time to Listen to Coelho Non-sense and Debate Over Petition From Mrs. John Atcherley.

HOUSE.

If it had not been for the fact that, just at four o'clock yesterday afternoon, Representative Douthitt insisted upon and succeeded in carrying through a motion that the committee of the whole rise and report progress and ask leave to sit again, the house would yesterday have concluded its work on the administration bill for the amendment of the Organic Act, and, with the exception of passing on third reading the bill to appropriate money for its own expenses, and possibly Castro's joint resolution creating a commission to assist homesteaders, would have been through with all the work of the special session originating in the lower house. As things stood when the committee of the whole rose yesterday, its work was done; all that was needed was the vote on a motion to recommend the bill.

But how it will be after the house gets another crack at it this morning is a different question, for the members will have had a night to think up new amendments to the bill, and there is no doubt but that some will be offered.

Stealing Senate's Thunder.

In fact, it is expected that a very important amendment will be proposed this morning, one to the effect that the amendment of the land laws of the Territory be left to the legislature. This was the last Kahio bill at the last regular session of congress which was endorsed by the house here. It is understood that the senate insists upon this provision, probably as an axe with which to kill the bill entirely. It is figured that if the house itself incorporates the provision in the bill, the senate's thunder will be stolen and it can not consistently refuse to pass the bill. Of course, congress can do as it pleases in regard to any such a proposition.

Douthitt's motive in moving that the committee rise before taking final action on the bill as a whole was to save Castro's joint resolution providing for a commission on advances to homesteaders. An attempt had been made to incorporate in the administration bill a provision allowing the Territory to raise funds by the issuance of bonds to provide money for loans to homesteaders. But the effort had resulted in failure. Seeing that the committee of the whole was on the point of concluding its labors and recommending the bill, Douthitt saved the situation by moving that the committee rise and report progress and ask leave to sit again.

Resolution Saved.

This motion saves Castro's resolution, which would be worthless without some provision for raising the funds needed for carrying it into effect, but it also leaves the door open for all sorts of additional amendments.

The house has, however, been very expeditious in its work. Better than that, it has passed upon the whole of the administration bill and has made few changes in it, and those few only of a minor nature. In fact, the house has done itself credit this special session. The main question now is, what will the senate do? And what the senate will do is what is troubling the friends of the administration bill, for it is now taken for granted that an attempt will be made to prevent the passage of the measure.

MORNING SESSION.

Legislators' Pay \$1000.

The house got down to business on the bill within twenty minutes after convening yesterday morning, going into committee of the whole with Cohen again in the chair. The amendment raising the pay of legislators was first taken up, and Sheldon's motion to make the figure \$1000 was put to vote and carried, 15 to 12. The section then passed as amended.

Section 3, providing that appropriations shall be made by the legislature, and section 4, extending the Territory's power to issue bonds, passed as in the bill without discussion. On motion of Alfonso, section 5, amending the land laws, was deferred until the other sections should be passed upon.

Without debate the committee approved section 6, limiting the power of judges to sit in certain cases; section 7, relating to intertransfers of public (Continued on Page Two)

THE SENATE.

The desire of Senator Coelho and the wishes of Mrs. Mary Atcherley were the principal matters of interest in the senate yesterday. The honorable gentleman from Maui took occasion to state that he knew of underhand motives on the part of the Governor in vetoing a fishing bill, passed by the legislature in regular session, while Mrs. Atcherley took occasion to slam about everyone of the hundred or so imaginary enemies she supposes she has.

Not much progress on the main business of the special session was made.

Morning Session.

Rollcall found Chillingworth, Fairchild, Moore and Quinn absent, the last-named arriving a minute later. Makekau registered an objection to being recorded in the minutes of yesterday as absent, saying he had arrived shortly after the opening. Knudsen assented him by having the minutes amended to say, "Came in later, Makekau."

President Smith appointed the standing committees of the regular session for this special session, excepting for these changes on account of absences: Knudsen in place of Fairchild and McCarthy in place of Moore on ways and means committee and Chillingworth in place of Fairchild on the public health committee.

Order of the Day.

Coelho's bill appropriating \$5000 for (Continued on Page Two.)

CELEBRATED FOR EMPEROR'S DAY

Japanese Banquet, Sport and Decorate in Honor of Their Ruler's Birthday.

Japanese of Honolulu celebrated the birthday of the Emperor of Japan yesterday, almost every subject of His Majesty making a holiday of the occasion. There were many opportunities to display enthusiasm for their august sovereign, including receptions, games, athletic exercises and dinners.

Consul-General Uyeno gave official receptions at the consular residence on Nuuanu avenue in the forenoon, the first from nine to half past ten o'clock being for Japanese subjects only, and another from eleven o'clock to half past twelve being for the "foreign" population. The grounds of the consulate were attractively decorated with red and white bunting, the national colors of the Empire.

(Continued from Page Three.)

KING NAMED FOR DEPUTY AUDITOR BY THE GOVERNOR

Faithful performance of duty on the part of George W. R. King for the past eleven years in the office of the territorial auditor has led to his appointment to the second position in that office, that of deputy auditor. This appointment was announced yesterday by the Governor and the name has been sent into the senate for confirmation. That Mr. King's appointment will be confirmed without opposition goes without saying.

Mr. King entered the auditor's office on the first day there was a territorial auditor, on July 1, 1898, when the audit law came into effect. He has been in the office ever since, serving in succession under Harry Laws, H. C. Austin and the present auditor, Colonel Fisher. In his work he has always been painstaking, giving satisfaction to his various chiefs, while in his contact with the public, Mr. King has made himself a general favorite.

Yesterday he was the recipient of many sincere congratulations, his appointment having been one of the most satisfactory around the capital for some time.

ASKS CONGRESS NOT TO BUTT IN

NO INTERFERENCE IS WANTED House Resolution Protesting Against Prohibition Legislation.

A joint resolution was introduced in the house of representatives yesterday morning by Cohen which, if it is adopted by both bodies, will have the effect of informing congress that the legislature of the Territory of Hawaii does not want any federal interference with the liquor laws of this Territory and that a prohibition act passed by the national lawmaking body will be regarded by Hawaii as unwarranted interference and an unfriendly act. It is extremely probable that the resolution will be approved by both the house and the senate, as most of the members, even those who are opposed to this liquor traffic, are convinced that this Territory can attend to its own internal business without any federal assistance along that line.

Representative Cohen's resolution, which it is understood has the hearty approval of the Speaker and of the influential members of both house and senate, is as follows:

"Be it Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Territory of Hawaii:

"That Whereas, A bill has been introduced in the congress of the United States to prohibit the sale of intoxicating liquor in the Territory of Hawaii,

"And Whereas, Said congress is being urged to enact such law on the ground that it is the wish of the people of this Territory,

"And Whereas, The federal congress by an act entitled, an act providing for the government of the Territory of Hawaii specifically declared that the legislative power of the Territory shall extend to all rightful subjects of legislation not inconsistent with the Constitution and laws of the United States legally applicable, and further that no spirituous or intoxicating liquors be sold except under such regulations and restrictions as the territorial legislature shall provide,

"And Whereas, The said territorial legislature in regular session assembled has duly regulated and restricted (Continued on Page Five.)

TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY SOON

Field Work on Kauai Will Be Paused Next July if Marshall's Report Goes.

With the report of R. B. Marshall, chief geographer of the United States Geological Survey, the plans for making topographic maps of the Hawaiian Islands has come to a point where an official word will start the field men on the surveys.

Marshall tendered his report to Marsden Campbell yesterday, it being given in full below. He states that work should be started on Kauai first, looking at the objects from a reclamation standpoint and also says that six months work will complete the field work on that island.

Marshall looked over but two of the islands, choosing this and Kauai, as the problems on all would be summed up in those that presented themselves in the most northerly. The letter follows:

"Sir:—The director of the U. S. Geological Survey, upon the receipt of a letter dated Honolulu, August 17, 1909, from Mr. M. C. Leighton, chief hydrographer of the geological survey, approved by you, instructed me to visit Hawaii, there to determine the nature of the topographic problems of the Territory and to submit plans for systematic beginning of topographic surveys. "I have gone fully over the ground on the islands of Kauai and Oahu where are presented some of the most interesting topographic features to be found anywhere. The valleys are small—usually steep, and the mountains begin with practically no rolling country or foot-hills, making an equitable adjustment between scale and contour interval exceedingly hard to determine. On Kauai, for instance, one finds a Yosemite, a Grand Canyon, a Dismal Swamp, perpetual sunshine and constant rain, all within a radius of ten miles and a change of elevation from (Continued on Page Two.)

CONSUL-GENERAL'S BANQUET.

At the banquet given last evening at the Japanese consular residence over which Consul-General Uyeno presided, about 350 guests were present, including about fifty ladies, a matter which was favorably commented upon by the hosts. After a salutatory address by the consul, Dr. Katsunuma was appointed toastmaster. The consul proposed the health of the Emperor and Mr. Ozaki the health of the consul, vice-consul and the secretaries. The banquet lasted until midnight and during the evening an attractive entertainment was given by musicians and other performers.

BIG PLANS FOR PEARL HARBOR

Four Thousand Marines Are to Be Stationed There When All Is Complete.

COL. DENNY ENCOURAGING

Barracks Construction to Be Pushed Ahead as Fast as Money Is Forthcoming.

Between three and four thousand marines are to be sent to the Pearl Harbor naval station when that great base is thoroughly established, according to Colonel Denny, chief constructing quartermaster of the United States Marine Corps, who made this statement during the course of an address before the members of the Commercial Club yesterday. In March or April of 1910 actual construction work will be commenced on the first marine barracks and from six to eight or ten sets of officers quarters at the naval station. Colonel Denny intimated that the government's plans for Pearl Harbor naval station were to make it one of the foremost stations under the American flag. In order that the three or four thousand marines may be accommodated the plans are to add barracks and officers quarters as fast as appropriations are obtained from congress. The first barracks will accommodate about 350 or 400 men.

Colonel Denny was the guest of honor of the Commercial Club yesterday noon, and although he said he was to make his maiden speech, his address was a polished after-luncheon speech, teeming with wit and fact and all presented in a most attractive way, although it was no joke that it was his first public speech. He was introduced by E. C. Brown, president of the club, who spoke of former luncheons at which both army and navy men had given addresses, and stating that this (Continued on Page Three.)

CAPTAIN REES ALMOST ADMIRAL

Commission Not Yet Signed by President Who Is En Tour.

During the course of Colonel Denny's address at the Commercial Club yesterday that officer constantly referred to Captain Rees, the commandant of the Honolulu naval station, as Admiral Rees. Coming from the lips of a service officer, it appeared that Colonel Denny was using the newer title advisedly, inasmuch as on October 23 last Captain Rees' promotion to the grade of admiral should have become effective.

On account of President Taft being on his tour of the United States it is quite likely that the executive has had no time to sign the new commission. The President will be back at the White House in a few days and the commission appointing Captain Rees an admiral in the navy will doubtless be signed.

ASKED FOR WORK, COLLAPSED, AND FELL TO DEATH

Frank Enos, a Portuguese, visited the limekiln in Iwilei yesterday afternoon about half past one, and climbing to the third story of the structure met Jack Belser, the manager, and asked him for work. Just after making his request Enos suddenly collapsed and before a staying hand could be extended had fallen down the stairway. When a doctor, who was summoned, examined him he was almost lifeless, and he died on the way to the hospital.

It was found on examination that he had suffered from a rupture of a blood vessel and this caused his collapse while speaking to Mr. Belser. His wife stated that her husband had suffered from hemorrhages during the last few days and was quite weak. Under the circumstances it was found unnecessary to hold an inquest.

TENNIS TODAY.

Arrangements by wireless have been made with Capt. W. C. Johnson and Raymond Sheldon, 18th Infantry, to play tennis this afternoon at 3:30 with Roth and Gee on the Beretania courts.

PREPARATIONS ON FOR CENSUS

DR. CLARK HARD AT WORK

Sugar Statistics to Be Featured for First Time—Also Military Data.

One of the features for the decennial census to be taken next year, so stated Dr. Victor S. Clark when interviewed last night, at the University Club, will be a sugar census wherein the statistics of the industry for Porto Rico, Louisiana and Hawaii will be noted. This is the first time that this particular industry has been picked out as one where additional statistics are to be provided. It has been the custom always to feature certain of the industries, iron and steel always coming in for extra minute investigation, and agricultural products are now attracting more of the attention of the census men. Dr. Clark, together with the census directors in Louisiana and Porto Rico, will therefore be responsible for the information on the saccharine stick which will be supplied to Uncle Sam this coming year.

Dr. Clark stated also, that another innovation of the coming census will be the military feature. Under the provision which calls for this, the military record and experience of all those who have either military or naval service to their credit will be taken down, the information thus gathered to be used partly in national guard plans. This is strictly an innovation and is likely to prove invaluable in the future. Also it is expected that it might change military policies.

Dr. Clark has been beset with applications to take examinations for clerical positions under him in his work of gathering census data and there seems to be a general misunderstanding prevalent as to the method by which the work will be carried on.

As a matter of fact, Dr. Clark will have no clerical staff, so he stated last night, all the tabulating to be done at Washington. The circulars sent out by Director Durand, calling for examinations to qualify applicants for clerical positions referred to positions in the central office in Washington. Each state and territory is entitled to supply a percentage of the staff, Hawaii to supply seven. These examinations were supposed to have been taken here on the twenty-third of last month but as the examination papers have not arrived it (Continued on Page Five)

HAS AGREEMENT BEEN REACHED?

Telephone Company Reaches a Decision, but Does Not Make It Public.

The Mutual Telephone Company has decided either to accept one of the four proposals of the board of supervisors regarding the telephone conduit contract or else has offered one of its own based upon those proposals. What its decision is, will not be learned until the board of supervisors convene to receive the communication that has been addressed to them.

Yesterday afternoon, Messrs. Smith and Trent, forming the arbitration committee from the merchants' association, formally received the four proposals which were presented by Supervisor McClellan and endorsed by the committee of five and the mayor. Later a meeting between the officers and counsel of the telephone company and the merchants' association committee was held in the offices of Alexander & Baldwin, argument over the new schemes lasting some time.

After the decision was made it was decided that it would not be fair to the supervisors to make it public and they accordingly sealed it and will send it to the board for consideration. The next meeting of the board, so stated Mayor Fern yesterday, will be held on the twelfth, but his honor was either mistaken or else the board does not care to consider the ratification of a contract before the street-digging ordinance becomes a law tomorrow.

SUCCESS OR QUIT FOR TAMMANY

(By Associated Press.)

NEW YORK, November 3.—It is understood that District Leader Featherston is scheduled to succeed Boss Murphy in the direction of the Tammany interests. This comes as the result of a meeting between Croker and Nixon following the defeat of the Tammany ticket in the city elections yesterday.

LABORITES HAVE ELEVEN SUPERVISORS

(By Associated Press.)

SAN FRANCISCO, November 4.—The political complexion of the new board of supervisors elected Tuesday is as follows: Labor, eleven; Republican, five; Democrat, two.

GEOGRAPHERS BACK UP PEARY

The National Society Gives the Palm to Naval Man.

ENDORSEMENT IS UNANIMOUS

Declare He Reached the North Pole on April 6, 1909.

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, November 4.—The National Geographic Society examiners yesterday reported unanimously, after an examination of the records of both Commander Peary and Dr. Cook, that Peary discovered the North Pole on April 6, 1909.

On October 15 the geographic society requested the University of Copenhagen to waive its first claim to the Cook observations, as American scientists were impatient at delay and felt that this was a matter that should be settled in America. A message was also sent to Commander Peary requesting him to hurry forward sufficient data upon which to act. Dr. Cook on that date sent a letter to the secretary of the geographic society stating that the Copenhagen University was then acting on his data, and in due time the geographic society would have an opportunity to pass judgment upon his claim of having reached the North Pole on April 21, 1908.

WASHINGTON, November 3.—All doubt as to the status of Explorer Peary among the leading scientists of the country was set at rest today when the National Geographic Society voted a gold medal to Peary as the discoverer of the North Pole.

MOST IMPRESSIVE FUNERAL IN JAPAN

Wave of Popular Sympathy Attends Ceremonies in Honor of Prince Ito.

(By Associated Press.)

TOKIO, November 4.—The funeral ceremonies at Hibiya Park over the remains of the late Prince Ito, assassinated at Harbin, were the most impressive display of a popular demonstration of public sympathy, and the most widespread ever known in Japan.

Ambassador O'Brien represented the United States at the funeral ceremonies, having been designated by Secretary of State Knox to act for the American government.

(The funeral was to take place on Thursday, November 4, which is today, the difference in time between Honolulu and Tokio correcting the apparent discrepancy in the date. There is a difference of sixteen hours between here and Tokio. At midnight in Honolulu last night, Wednesday, the time was 4 o'clock in Tokio this afternoon.)

SECRETARY KNOX MAKES SUGGESTION

Advocates Arbitration Compact Between Japan and America.

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, November 4.—Secretary Knox, addressing the members of the Japanese commercial body now touring the States, at a banquet given by the Japanese embassy suggested an arbitration compact between Japan and the United States. The suggestion was received with applause and was cordially received by the Japanese and other guests present.

FARMAN ESTABLISHES DURATION RECORD

(By Associated Press.)

MOURELON, France, November 4.—Aviator Farman aeroplaned one hundred and forty-four miles yesterday in four hours and six minutes, establishing the world's duration record.

TAFT CONGRATULATES JAPAN'S EMPEROR

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, November 4.—President Taft cabled birthday congratulations to the Mikado.